

ASTM C-114 accreditation for

cement analysis by fusion

Introduction

Cement industries, as well as other types of factories that make products made of raw materials, need to meet more and more stringent quality controls. The physical properties of the final products can be influenced if the composition changes for any reason in the fabrication process. To ensure a maximum quality of the final product, there exist standards that help to ensure minimal variations in the analysis process.

What is ASTM C-114 ?

This standard is especially dedicated for the analysis of hydraulic cement. It gives limit values to respect, to ensure that the analytical process is fully controlled and yield minimal variations in results. It suggests reference test methods for every element of interest in the analysis of cement. But one can also use "rapid test method" if the variation in results respects the limitation proposed by this norm. We mean by "rapid test method" any method used to determine the concentration of analytes that complies with the ASTM C-114 validation requirements. This means that one can use fusion as rapid test method if the resulting variations are below the allowed values given by ASTM C-114 for the appropriate elements. The method needs to be validated with acceptable certified reference materials (CRMs) provided by NIST as suggested the ASTM C-114 standard. Here are the seven Portland cement CRMs available that contain all the elements of interest for the purpose of this study:

SRM 1880b

SRM 1881a

SRM 1884b

SRM 1886a The certified values are available in annex 2

SRM 1887b

SRM 1888b

SRM 1889a



Sample preparation

We have used seven CRMs (certified reference materials) C-114 standards to demonstrate the performance of our rapid test method by fusion, using the Katanax K2 Prime fluxer. Those CRMs are Portland cement samples provided by the National Institute of Standard and Technology (NIST), and contain different concentration of elements in a certain range, according to the usual composition of Portland cement. (See the details of the CRMs in annex 2)

We used 0,8g of CRM sample mixed with 7g of flux 50/50 Lithium Tetraborate / Lithium Metaborate (LiT/LiM) and 30mg of LiBr as non-wetting agent to produce beads of 32mm in diameter. The components have been weighed with a Sartorius weighting cell WZ224-N with a precision of 0.1mg. All the products have been well mixed in a secondary container and then transferred into a platinum crucible. Here are the method parameters we used on the instrument:

Table1. Method used on the Katanax K2 Prime fluxer

Step	Temperature	Time	Ramp of temperature	Crucible mixing amplitude	Crucible mixing speed
1	1050°C	0:00	Fast	0°	0%
2	1050°C	0:00	Fast	0°	0%
3	1050°C	4:00	Fast	20°	90%
4	1050°C	6:00	Fast	25°	5%
Pouring				120°	50%
1		1:00		120°	80%
2		5:00		90°	80%



An independent mineral laboratory (Corem) was commissioned to do the XRF analysis. The instrument used by the laboratory was a WDXRF spectrometer with an Rh X-ray tube of 2.4 kW, multi crystals (LiF, Ge) and a scintillation detector.

To meet the requirement of the ASTM C-114, one has to run seven standards in duplicate on two different days. The accuracy results are based on the average of those duplicates. The values need to reach the ASTM C-114 limits in terms of precision and accuracy for all the elements that we want to analyse by XRF. The table shows the allowed values given by ASTM in term of precision and accuracy for each element of interest in the analysis of Portland cement. This table also contains the results we obtained for the standards we used to make the test. We list the average of all the standard materials according to the precision and accuracy of the associated element. The details results of each standard are shown in annex 1.

Table 2. ASTM C-114 limits compared to the results of the CRMs samples by fusion

Elements	ASTM C-114 limits		Average of the seven standards by fusion	
	Precision	Accuracy	Precision	Accuracy
SiO ₂	0,16	0,2	0,047	0,054
Al ₂ O ₃	0,2	0,2	0,038	0,059
Fe ₂ O ₃	0,1	0,1	0,036	0,046
CaO	0,2	0,3	0,089	0,163
MgO	0,16	0,2	0,009	0,019
SO ₃	0,1	0,1	0,077	0,032
Na ₂ O	0,03	0,05	0,014	0,006
K ₂ O	0,03	0,05	0,008	0,018
TiO ₂	0,02	0,03	0,005	0,003
P ₂ O ₅	0,03	0,03	0,002	0,008
ZnO	0,03	0,03	0,002	0,002
Mn ₂ O ₃	0,03	0,03	0,003	0,011

All of the results lie within the limits proposed by ASTM C-114. This means that the rapid test method using fusion with the Katanax K2 Prime fluxer meets the ASTM C-114 requirements.

Conclusion

ASTM C-114 requirements are a standard measure of performance. The ASTM C-114 method can be validated by the use of fusion and in this case the data shows that the Katanax K2 Prime meets these requirements.

We have shown that it is possible to use the Katanax K2 Prime fusion instrument as a part of an analytical method that meets the ASTM C-114 accreditation. An independent laboratory provided the analyses of the beads and they satisfied the requirements for C-114 analysis. One can conclude that the use of fusion with the Katanax K2 Prime instrument will successfully produce both precise and accurate results.



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References:

- (1) ASTM C114-11b Standard Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Hydraulic Cement
- (2) Physics and Chemistry of Borate Fusion
- (3) International Standard ISO 12677 Chemical analysis of refractory products by XRF – Fused cast bead method
- (4) Corem (Mineral laboratory) 1180 Rue de la Minéralogie, Québec, QC G1N 1X7
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Annex 1

Table 3. Precision and accuracy results for the seven CRMs used for the accreditation

Annex2

Table 1. Certified Values for SRM 1880b

Constituent	Mass Fraction ^(a) (%)
SiO ₂	20.42 ± 0.36
Al ₂ O ₃	5.183 ± 0.073
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.681 ± 0.023
CaO	64.16 ± 0.40
MgO	1.176 ± 0.020
SO ₃ ^b	2.710 ± 0.099
Na ₂ O	0.0914 ± 0.0052
K ₂ O	0.646 ± 0.014
TiO ₂	0.236 ± 0.012
P ₂ O ₅	0.2443 ± 0.0027
Mn ₂ O ₃	0.1981 ± 0.0020
Cl	0.01830 ± 0.00057
Cr ₂ O ₃ ^(b)	0.01927 ± 0.00042

Table 1. Certified Values for SRM 1881a

Constituent	Mass Fraction (%)	Constituent	Mass Fraction (%)	Constituent	Mass Fraction (%)
SiO ₂	22.26 ± 0.15	Al ₂ O ₃	7.060 ± 0.081	K ₂ O	1.228 ± 0.029
Al ₂ O ₃	3.09 ± 0.11	Fe ₂ O ₃	57.58 ± 0.34	TiO ₂	0.3663 ± 0.0030
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.981 ± 0.077	CaO	3.366 ± 0.069	P ₂ O ₅	0.1459 ± 0.0057
CaO	0.036 ± 0.004	SO ₃ ^a	0.199 ± 0.007	Mn ₂ O ₃	0.1042 ± 0.0016
MgO	0.0588 ± 0.0020	Na ₂ O		SrO	
SO ₃ ^b				Cr ₂ O ₃	
Na ₂ O				ZnO	
K ₂ O					
TiO ₂					
P ₂ O ₅					
Mn ₂ O ₃					
Cl					
Cr ₂ O ₃ ^(b)					

Table 2. Reference Values for SRM 1881a

Constituent	Mass Fraction (%)
Cl	0.013 ± 0.001

Table 1. Certified Values for SRM 1884b

Constituent	Mass Fraction ^(a) (%)
SiO ₂	-19.30 ± 0.18
Al ₂ O ₃	- 4.851 ± 0.021
Fe ₂ O ₃	- 2.937 ± 0.020
CaO	- 61.31 ± 0.36
MgO	- 4.74 ± 0.13
SO ₃	- 4.034 ± 0.067
Na ₂ O	- 0.278 ± 0.010
K ₂ O	- 0.957 ± 0.018
TiO ₂	- 0.2651 ± 0.0084
P ₂ O ₅	- 0.0965 ± 0.0033
Mn ₂ O ₃	- 0.0750 ± 0.0013
Cr ₂ O ₃	0.00791 ± 0.00070
SrO	0.0258 ± 0.0038

Table 1. Certified Values for SRM 1886a

Constituent	Mass Fraction (%)	Constituent	Mass Fraction (%)	Constituent	Mass Fraction (%)
SiO ₂	22.38 ± 0.27	Al ₂ O ₃	3.875 ± 0.035	Na ₂ O	0.021 ± 0.003
Al ₂ O ₃	0.152 ± 0.013	Fe ₂ O ₃	67.87 ± 0.26	K ₂ O	0.093 ± 0.004
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.932 ± 0.040	CaO	2.086 ± 0.080	TiO ₂	0.084 ± 0.009
CaO	0.0073 ± 0.0004	MgO		P ₂ O ₅	0.022 ± 0.004
MgO		SO ₃		Mn ₂ O ₃	
SO ₃				Cr ₂ O ₃	
Na ₂ O				Cl	0.0042 ± 0.0004
K ₂ O					
TiO ₂					
P ₂ O ₅					
Mn ₂ O ₃					
Cr ₂ O ₃					
SrO					

Table 2. Reference Values for SRM 1886a

Constituent	Mass Fraction (%)	Constituent	Mass Fraction (%)	Constituent	Mass Fraction (%)
SrO	0.018 ± 0.006				

Table 1. Certified Mass Fraction Values (As-Received Basis) for SRM 1887b

Constituent	Mass Fraction (%)
SiO ₂	19.59 ± 0.29
Al ₂ O ₃	4.911 ± 0.043
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.471 ± 0.019
CaO	61.15 ± 0.61
MgO	3.624 ± 0.077
SO ₃	4.599 ± 0.020
Na ₂ O	0.288 ± 0.014
K ₂ O	0.961 ± 0.012
TiO ₂	0.203 4 ± 0.005 5
P ₂ O ₅	0.154 0 ± 0.006 6
ZnO	0.015 60 ± 0.000 65
Mn ₂ O ₃	0.095 7 ± 0.001 4
Cl	0.010 01 ± 0.000 55
Cr ₂ O ₃	0.015 51 ± 0.000 89
SrO	0.262 5 ± 0.008 1

Table 1. Certified Mass Fraction Values for SRM 1888b

Constituent	Mass Fraction ^(a) (%)
SiO ₂	20.42 ± 0.23
Al ₂ O ₃	4.277 ± 0.036
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.062 ± 0.053
CaO	63.13 ± 0.29
MgO	3.562 ± 0.057
SO ₃	2.634 ± 0.017
Na ₂ O	0.1364 ± 0.0044
K ₂ O	0.658 ± 0.017
TiO ₂	0.2316 ± 0.0076
P ₂ O ₅	0.07307 ± 0.00081
Mn ₂ O ₃	0.0652 ± 0.0022
Cl	0.0143 ± 0.0015
SrO	0.1009 ± 0.0030

Table 1. Certified Values for SRM 1889a

Constituent	Mass Fraction (%)	Constituent	Mass Fraction (%)
SiO ₂	20.66 ± 0.16	K ₂ O	0.605 ± 0.015
Al ₂ O ₃	3.89 ± 0.12	TiO ₂	0.227 ± 0.010
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.937 ± 0.054	P ₂ O ₅	0.110 ± 0.004
CaO	65.34 ± 0.33	Mn ₂ O ₃	0.2588 ± 0.0073
MgO	0.814 ± 0.028	SrO	0.042 ± 0.004
SO ₃	2.69 ± 0.11	Cr ₂ O ₃	0.0072 ± 0.0005
Na ₂ O	0.195 ± 0.010	ZnO	0.0048 ± 0.0003

Table 2. Reference Values for SRM 1889a

Constituent	Mass Fraction (%)
Cl	0.0019 ± 0.0003